# New Words

ability /əˈbɪləti/ n.	توانایی
The test measures your mathematical ability.	این آزمون توانایی ریاضیات شما را میسنجد.
absolutely /ˈæbsəluːtli/ adv.	به طور کامل
I'm not absolutely certain I posted the letter.	من كاملاً مطمئن نيستم كه نامه را فرستاده باشم.
access /'ækses/ v. n.	دسترسی پیداکردن، دسترسی
The police gained access into the house through a broken window.	پلیس از طریق پنجرهای شکسته به داخل خانه دسترسی پیداکرد.
additional /əˈdɪʃənəl/ adj.	اضافى
You can find additional information from the website.	شما میتوانید اطلاعات اضافی (بیشتر) را در وبسایت بیابید.
amount /əˈmaont/ n.	مقدار
We've had an enormous amount of help from people.	ما مقدار زیادی کمک از طرف مردم داشتهایم.
available /əˈverləbl/ adj.	در دسترس، موجود
There are plenty of jobs available in the area.	در این منطقه مشاغل زیادی موجود میباشد.
<b>belong</b> /brˈlɑːŋ/ v.	تعلق داشتن
Are you sure these documents belong to the teacher?	آیا مطمئن هستی که این مدارک متعلق به معلم است؟
<b>broadcast</b> /'bra:dkæst/ v. n.	پخش کردن، پخش
I don't like to broadcast the fact that my father owns the compan	
ش کنم.	من دوست ندارم واقعیت اینکه پدرم مالک این شرکت است را پخ
candle /'kændl/ n.	شمع
Can you blow out all the candles on your birthday cake?	آیا میتوانی همهٔ شمعهای روی کیک تولدت را فوت کنی؟
<b>century</b> /'sentʃəri/ <i>n</i> .	قرن
The church was built in the 13 <sup>th</sup> century.	این کلیسا در قرن سیزدهم ساخته شد.
<b>communication</b> /kə, mju:nı 'keıʃn/ <i>n</i> .	ارتباط
Radio was the pilot's only means of communication.	راديو تنها وسيلة ارتباطي أن خلبان بود.
<b>confident</b> /'ka:nfidənt/ <i>adj.</i>	مطمئن، با اعتماد به نفس
She was in a relaxed, confident mood.	او در حالت آرام و با اعتماد به نفس بود.
<b>continent</b> /'ka:ntmənt/ <i>n</i> .	قاره
We live on the continent of Asia.	ما در قارهٔ آسیا زندگی میکنیم.
culture /ˈkʌltʃər/ n.	فرهنگ
She's studying modern Japanese language and their culture.	او بر روی زبان ژاپنی مدرن و فرهنگ آنها مطالعه میکند.
She s studying modern sapanese language and then culture.	
<b>depend on</b> /dr'pend a:n/ <i>ph.v.</i>	بستگی داشتن، وابسته بودن

شما بايد بر اساس نوع استفادهٔ خود، دوچرخهٔ مناسب را انتخاب كنيد.

Lesson One | Underestanding People

<b>despite</b> /dɪ'spaɪt/ <i>prep</i> .	علىرغم، با وجودِ
I still enjoyed the week despite the bad weather.	من علىرغم هواي بد همچنان از آن هفته لذت بردم.
disappear / dɪsə'pɪr/ v.	ناپدید شدن، محو شدن
The plane disappeared behind a cloud.	هواپیما پشت یک ابر ناپدید شد.
escape /ɪˈskeɪp/ v.	فرار کردن
He escaped from prison this morning.	او امروز صبح از زندان فرار کرد.
exchange /iks'tfeindʒ/ v. n.	رد و بدل کردن، مبادله کردن، مبادله
Everyone in the group exchanged their email addresses.	همهٔ افراد گروه آدرسهای ایمیلشان را رد و بدل کردند.
exist /ɪg'zɪst/ v.	وجود داشتن، بودن
Few of these kind of monkeys still exist in the wild.	تعداد کمی از این نوع میمونها همچنان در حیاتوحش وجود دارند.
<b>experience</b> /ık'spıriəns/ <i>n. v.</i>	تجربه، تجربه کردن
I have over ten years' teaching experience.	من بیش از ۱۰ سال تجربهٔ تدریس دارم.
<b>explain</b> /ɪkˈspleɪn/ v.	توضیح دادن، شرح دادن
He explained how the coffee machine worked.	او توضيح داد [كه] دستگاه قهوهساز چهطور كار مىكند.
familiar with /fəˈmɪliər wɪð/ v.	آشنا با
I'm not familiar with William Shakespeare's poems.	من با اشعار ويليام شكسپير آشنا نيستم.
favorite /' fervərıt/ adj.	مورد علاقه، محبوب
Harry Potter is one of my favorite books.	هریپاتر یکی از کتابهای مورد علاقهٔ من است.
fluently /'flu:əntli/ adj.	[سخن گفتن] روان، سلیس
She speaks German fluently.	او زبان آلمانی را سلیس صحبت میکند.
fortunately /'fɔ:rtʃənətli/ adv.	خوشبختانه
Fortunately, we got home before it started to rain.	خوشبختانه ما قبل از شروع باران به خانه رسيديم.
give up /givʌp/ ph.v.	تسلیم شدن، ترک کردن
Why don't you give up smoking?	چرا سیگار کشیدن را ترک نمیکنی؟
hint /hint/ v. n.	اشاره، اشاره کردن
He hinted strongly that he might be prepared to send troops in.	او با قدرت اشاره کرد که ممکن است آمادهٔ فرستادن نیروی نظامی باشد.
improvement /ɪm'pruːvmənt/ n.	پيشرفت
This is a great improvement on your last work.	این به نسبت کار آخرتان پیشرفت بزرگی است.
increase /m'kri:s/ v. n.	افزایش دادن، افزایش یافتن، افزایش
Food prices increased by 10% in less than a year.	قیمت غذا در کمتر از یکسال ۱۰٪ افزایش یافت.
<b>institute</b> /' institu:t/ n.	مۇسسە
My friend is a scientist at the Massachusetts Institute of Technol	دوست من در مؤسسهٔ تکنولوژی ماساچوست یک دانشمند است. اogy.

# **Conversations**

## Conversation 1

Nancy: Hi. It is good to see you, Tom.

Tom: Same here, Nancy. ....1... since I last saw you.

Nancy: Yes, the last time we saw each other was New Year's Eve. How are you doing?

Tom: I am doing OK. It would be better if I had a new job right now.

Nancy: ...2...?

Tom: I already finished my studies and graduated last week. Now, I want to get a job in the Finance field.

Tom: I just started this week.

Nancy: Didn't you have any interviews with those companies that came to our campus last month?

Nancy: Don't worry, Tom. You always did well in school. I know your good grades will help you get a job soon. ........., and all companies need financial analysts.

Tom: I hope so.

- 1) It will be a long time
  - 3) It has taken some time
- 1) You are looking after a new job? Why
  - 3) You are looking after a new job? What
- (3) 1) What do you need for a job
  - 3) How long have you been looking for a new job
- 4 1) during I had a lot of free time
  - 3) because of my heavy work schedule

**5** 1) Besides, the job market is pretty good right now

- 2) It has been a long time
- 4) It will take some time
- 2) You are looking for a new job? What
- 4) You are looking for a new job? Why
- 2) Where do you want to work
- 4) How often have you been looking for a new job
- 2) because I had a lot of free time
- 4) during I had my heavy work schedule
- 2) Therefore, the job market is pretty good right now
- 3) Besides, finding a good job is not easy these days 4) Therefore, finding a good job is not easy these days

Conversation 2

Mike: Good Morning, John. I am Mike.

John: Good Morning.

John: <u>...</u>7

Mike: It is an entry-level position. The new employee will have to work closely with the Accounting department. He will also have to deal with the bank on a daily basis.

John: What kind of experience are you looking for?

Mike: Doing office work is good. However, since this is an entry-level position,  $\frac{8}{1000}$ . I am willing to train the new person.

John: That is great!

Mike: John, tell me a little bit about yourself.

John: ....., and I just graduated with a Bachelor degree in Finance. I have been working part-time as a payroll clerk for the last two years.

Mike: What are you looking for in a job?

- 6 1) please describe the situation
  3) I want to talk about the problems
  7 1) Please, tell me a little bit about the position.
  - 3) What time should I be there?
- 1) I need an experienced person
  - 3) I do not require a lot of experience
- 9 1) People need jobs
  - 3) I have never been to university at all
- (10) 1) there is no need for me to do the job
  - 3) I want to take a rest

- 2) introduce yourself
- 4) let me properly introduce myself
- 2) How much do you pay?
- 4) How can I get there?
- 2) I just work for money
- 4) they are very experienced
- 2) I was a student at West Coast University
- 4) I think going to university isn't important
- 2) so it's nice to be educated
- 4) now it is time for me to put them into practice

## Conversation 3

Interviewer: How many jobs have you had since leaving university?

Candidate: I've worked for six companies.

Candidate: I wanted to earn more money.

Interviewer: What have you done that shows leadership?

Interviewer: What are your strengths?

Interviewer: In what ways has your job changed since you joined the company?

Candidate: I now have more responsibility and work longer hours.

Candidate: I'm not patient when people don't meet deadlines.

Interviewer: ...15 ...?

Candidate: Well, the boss in my last company wasn't easy to work with.

- **(11)** 1) What company did you work with
- 2) Why have you changed jobs so often

3) What did your job involve

4) How were your jobs

69. Although Robin was an <b>1</b>	English teacher in Ohio, he o	could speak Chinese the sa	me as a speaker.
1) amazing	2) native	3) valuable	4) specific
70, scientists can a	lso play an important role in	improving energy efficien	cy in their laboratories.
1) Nowadays	2) Wrongly	3) Rudely	4) Strongly
<b>71</b> . The use of energy and fu	el rises as the countries and	become more indu	istrialized.
1) cultures	2) nations	3) communications	4) institutes
72. This instrument can	the amount of gases res	ponsible for ozone layer de	struction.
1) explain	2) develop	3) measure	4) donate
73. Education and training a	are the most effective	of improving the nation's	s economy.
1) cultures	2) means	3) institutes	4) skills
<b>74</b> . Unfortunately, the autho	or's of the subject is	not matched by available f	acts.
1) attention	2) object	3) interview	4) knowledge
<b>75</b> . The city, which depends	on trade, has been l	nit hard by global economic	e difficulties.
1) international	2) interesting	3) popular	4) probable
76. Because of the in	n street crime, my old grand	pa is afraid to leave his hor	ne.
1) order	2) confidence	3) increase	4) culture
77. Are you seriously sugges	ting that she should	her job in order to look af	ter her husband?
1) give up	2) depend on	3) make up	4) check in
<b>78.</b> Her friend's house took	a direct hit by the earthqual	xe, but the family w	vere out.
1) bravely	2) fortunately	3) honestly	4) mostly
<b>79</b> . Although she is an educa	nted person, she is only	with the Internet at an	elementary level.
1) similar	2) favorite	3) popular	4) familiar
80. The students were totally	y confused, so they asked the	e teacher to the pro	blem once more.
1) explain	2) prepare	3) compare	4) experiment
81. We waited for more than	half an hour to be seated	having made a reser	vation far in advance.
1) against	2) through	3) despite	4) before
82. In all, there are	children who join their pare	nts to work in industries ar	nd in fields to earn money.
1) respects	2) lifespans	3) cultures	4) planets
83. The committee warned a	ll the nations to reduce the	of carbon dioxide r	released into the air.
1) value	2) amount	3) region	4) existence
84. Nowadays, what is so im	portant is a more flexible he	alth insurance system to	the needs of the modern
world.			
1) make	2) take	3) vary	4) meet
85. Generally, rainfall is hig	hly, and the start an	d end of two rainy seasons	are unreliable.
1) valuable	2) variable	3) appropriate	4) available
86. It will be even important	t for a school to have good	with parents and the	e local community.
1) languages	2) patterns	3) communications	4) objects

## Lesson One | Underestanding People

87. The employer said, "	I don't expect you to pay n	ne, but you could co	over my expenses."	
1) at worst	2) at best	3) at most	4) at least	
88. The success of a new	airport would hea	vily on its ability to attract	airlines.	
1) seek	2) hint	3) depend	4) predict	
89. Recent researches sh	ow that methods of treat	ment according to	the age and general health of the	
patient.				
1) vary	2) quit	3) measure	4) exchange	
<b>90</b> . You're the only perso	on who could from	the burning building.		
1) exchange	2) escape	3) improve	4) access	
<b>91</b> . I've already received	a few cards from those th	at have e-mail add	resses with me.	
1) sought	2) explained	3) respected	4) exchanged	
92. I needed to talk with	someone who was very sm	art, someone who I	. trusted, someone who knew me as	
well as I knew myself				
1) orally	2) powerfully	3) wrongly	4) absolutely	
<b>93.</b> The number of needy	Americans emerg	gency food and shelter incre	eased by 7% last year.	
1) seeking	2) ranging	3) forming	4) happening	
94. The police were con	tacted by a number of p	eople who had in	formation about the Manchester	
bombings.				
1) confident	2) native	3) valuable	4) delicious	
95. As I earlier, s	sales this year have been lo	ower than expected.		
1) existed	2) mentioned	3) increased	4) respected	
96. The laws suggest that	t relationships between me	mbers of are organ	ized in terms of rules.	
1) destination	2) society	3) culture	4) knowledge	
<b>97.</b> They began	the area carefully, taking i	n every detail and watching	g for the slightest movement.	
1) measuring	2) predicting	3) scanning	4) destroying	
98. She said the letter ha	nd caused her hurt	and distress at a very diffic	cult time.	
1) additional	2) favorite	3) cultural	4) popular	
99. After living in France	e for a year, I felt much mo	oreabout my Frenc	ch.	
1) cultural	2) confident	3) physical	4) favorite	
<b>100.</b> Attending a univers	sity or science is di	ifficult because there is muc	h competition just to get in.	
1) candle	2) knowledge	3) institute	4) pattern	
<b>Match two b</b>	alves			
<b>101 the net</b>				
1) shopping	2) losing	3) depending	4) surfing	
<b>102</b> . language				
1) familiar	2) institute	3) capital	4) probable	
<b>103.</b> mother				
1) intent	2) century	3) tongue	4) point	

<b>104</b> . farming			
1) regions	2) contexts	3) forms	4) hints
<b>105</b> language			
1) value	2) region	3) tongue	4) native
<b>106</b> . meet the			
1) continent by	2) research by	3) means of	4) needs of
<b>107.</b> twenty-first			
1) century	2) neighbor	3) nation	4) project
108. Islamic			
1) pronoun	2) neighbor	3) society	4) loaf
<b>109</b> . system of			
1) population	2) communication	3) capital	4) tongue
<b>110.</b> exchange			
1) candle	2) amount	3) region	4) knowledge
<b>111</b> . give			
1) up	2) about	3) into	4) by
<b>112 cultures</b>			
1) scanning	2) measuring	3) destroying	4) bringing
113 endangered langua	iges		
1) improve	2) protect	3) mention	4) form
<b>114</b> shopping			
1) take	2) get	3) make	4) go
<b>115 candles</b>			
1) birthday	2) foreigner	3) value	4) traffic
<b>116</b> of communication			
1) respect	2) means	3) nation	4) bottle
<b>117</b> . mental			
1) tongues	2) slices	3) illnesses	4) regions
<b>118</b> values			
1) continent	2) office	3) cultural	4) impossible
<b>119 letters</b>			
1) absolute	2) interested	3) quiet	4) capital
<b>120</b> information			
1) additional	2) translator	3) smart	4) piece
Synonyms			
121 absolutely			

121. absolutely

1) specifically

4) respectfully

<b>122.</b> exchange			
1) explain		2) increase	
3) measure		4) change something for	something
<b>123.</b> happen			
1) take place	2) depend on	3) laugh	4) imagine
<b>124</b> . value			
1) order	2) worth	3) belief	4) step
<b>125.</b> additional			
1) similar	2) extra	3) familiar	4) oral
<b>126.</b> quit			
1) research	2) endanger	3) leave	4) explain
127. region			
1) amount	2) hint	3) area	4) skill
<b>128.</b> appropriate			
1) cultural	2) popular	3) protective	4) suitable
<b>129.</b> form			
1) make up	2) keep up	3) turn off	4) bring about
<b>130.</b> wrongly			
1) wonderfully	2) not correctly	3) probably	4) valuably
<b>131. escape</b>			
1) give up	2) go on	3) run away	4) keep on
<b>132.</b> specific			
1) exact	2) valuable	3) favorite	4) native
<b>133.</b> fortunately			
1) increasingly	2) quietly	3) nearly	4) luckily
<b>134.</b> vary			
1) familiar with	2) depend on	3) be difficult	4) be different
<b>135.</b> available			
1) experience	2) despite	3) ready to use	4) sharpener
<b>136.</b> range			
1) predict	2) differ	3) master	4) surprise
<b>137.</b> protect			
1) keep	2) make	3) take	4) get
<b>138.</b> wonderful			
1) fortunate	2) probable	3) excellent	4) international
<b>139</b> . give up			
1) start measuring	2) stop measuring	3) start trying	4) stop trying
<b>140.</b> communication			
1) pattern	2) contact	3) translation	4) information

### **Sentence Structure**

# Choose the correct sentence with the best order for each of the following series. 171.

1) Do you think language learning should start as early as possible, or it is okay to start later?

2) Do you think learn of language should start as early as possible, or is it okay to start later?

3) Do you think learn of language should start as early as possible, or it is okay to start later?

4) Do you think language learning should start as early as possible, or is it okay to start later?

#### 172.

1) I began learning French in a language institute when I was fifteen.

2) I begin learning French in language institute when I was fifteen.

3) I begin learning French in a language institute when I was fifteen.

4) I began learning French in language institute when I was fifteen.

#### 173.

1) Beside my mother tongue, Persian, I know English, French and Russian well.

2) Besides my mother's tongue, Persian, I know English, French and Russian well.

3) Besides my mother tongue, Persian, I know English, French and Russian well.

4) Beside my mother's tongue, Persian, I know English, French and Russian well.

#### 174.

1) To be honest, I enjoy using them all, but my favorite language is absolutely my mother tongue!

2) To be honest, I enjoy to use them all, but my favorite language is absolutely my mother tongue!

3) To be honest, I enjoy using them all, but my language favorite is absolutely my mother tongue!

4) To be honest, I enjoy to use them all, but my language favorite is absolutely my mother tongue!

#### 175.

1) Scientists say that by 2050, wind power can meet the needs of the world.

2) Scientists say that by 2050, wind powers can meet the needs of the world.

3) Scientists say that by 2050, wind powers can meet the needs of the world.

4) Scientists say that by 2050, wind power can met the needs of the world.

#### 176.

1) Our teacher tried explaining the new word in means of sign language.

2) Our teacher tried to explain the new word by means of sign language.

3) Our teacher tried explain the new word by means of sign language.

4) Our teacher tried to explain the new word in means of sign language.

#### 177.

1) Human's ability to talk make him different from animals.

2) Human's ability to talk makes him different from animals.

3) Human's ability to talk make him different of animals.

4) Human's ability to talk makes him different of animals.

178.

- 1) Languages are so different that a person does not understand the language of someone from another region.
- 2) Languages are so different for a person does not understand the language of someone from other region.
- 3) Languages are so different that a person does not understand the language of someone from other region.
- 4) Languages are so different for a person does not understand the language of someone from another region.

#### 179.

- 1) It is not surprising to hear that today about 7000 languages exist in the world.
- 2) It is not surprised to hear that today about 7000 languages exist in the world.
- 3) It is not surprising to hear that today about 7000 language exist in the world.
- 4) It is not surprised to hear that today about 7000 language exist in the world.

#### 180.

1) Native speakers of these languages range in size of very large, with hundreds of millions of speakers, to very small, with few than 10 speakers.

2) Native speakers of these languages range in size from very large, with hundreds of millions of speakers, to very small, with fewer than 10 speakers.

3) Native speakers of these languages range in size of very large, with hundreds of millions of speakers, to very small, with fewer than 10 speakers.

4) Native speakers of these languages range in size from very large, with hundreds of millions of speakers, to very small, with few than 10 speakers.

#### 181.

1) About fifty percent of the world's language have fewer than 5000 speakers.

2) About fifty percent of the world's languages have fewer of 5000 speakers.

3) About fifty percent of the world's languages have fewer than 5000 speakers.

4) About fifty percent of the world's language have fewer of 5000 speakers.

#### 182.

1) All languages are really valuable, despite their different.

2) All languages are really valuable, in spite their differences.

3) All languages are really valuable, in spite their different.

4) All languages are really valuable, despite their differences.

#### 183.

1) Every language are amazing means of communication that meet the needs of its speakers.

2) Every language is an amazing means of communication that meets the needs of its speakers.

3) Every language are amazing means of communication that meets the needs of its speakers.

4) Every language is an amazing means of communication that meet the needs of its speakers.

#### 184.

1) We must respect all languages, no matter how different they are and how many speakers they have.

2) We must respect all languages, no matter how different are they and how many speakers have they.

3) We must respect all languages, no matter how different they are and how many speakers have they.

4) We must respect all languages, no matter how different are they and how many speakers they have.

30 گاچ |انگلیسی

201 1) official	2) familiar	3) similar	4) efficient
<b>202</b> 1) away	2) but	3) as	4) in
<b>203</b> 1) exactly	2) widely	3) highly	4) seriously
204 1) protected	2) discussed	3) gained	4) developed
205 1) suppose	2) attend	3) understand	4) support

#### Passage 4

Speech is one of the most important ways of communicating. It consists of far more than just making noises. To talk and also be .206. by other people, we have to speak a language, that is, we have to use combinations of .207. that everyone agrees to stand for a particular object or idea. Communication would be impossible if everyone .208. their own language. Learning a language properly is very important. The basic structure of English is not very large, and only about 2,000 words are needed to speak it quite .209. But the more ideas you can express, the more precise you can be about their exact meaning. Words are the .210. thing we use in communicating what we want to say.

206 1) examined	2) spoken
3) talked	4) understood
<b>207</b> 1) systems	2) talks
3) languages	4) sounds
<b>208</b> 1) made up	2) gave up
3) depended on	4) exchanged into
<b>209</b> 1) good	2) fluent
3) well	4) perfect
<b>210</b> 1) most	2) main
3) certain	4) full

### Passage 5

In some languages the way that you spell a word is very similar to the way that you pronounce it. In English, the ...<sup>211</sup>... is sometimes different from spelling. The dictionary will help you to pronounce new or difficult words. Each dictionary has a ...<sup>212</sup>... method, or way to show pronunciation. You should ...<sup>213</sup>... the pronunciation guide in front of your dictionary. You should study the guide to be able to pronounce new words in your dictionary quickly and ...<sup>214</sup>... It is important to remember that every dictionary has its own system to show correct pronunciation. ...<sup>215</sup>..., most pronunciation guides are very similar.

<b>211</b> 1) conversation	2) pronunciation	3) explanation	4) comprehension
<b>212</b> 1) different	2) strange	3) unusual	4) confusing
<b>213</b> 1) give back	2) take up	3) carry out	4) look at
<b>214</b> 1) silently	2) probably	3) correctly	4) terribly
215 1) Therefore	2) Because	3) However	4) Unless

# **Reading Comprehension**

#### Passage

Language is a body of words and the systems for their use common to a people of the same community or nation, the same geographical area, or the same cultural tradition. Only humans use language, though many other animals communicate in various ways. How men first learned to invent words is unknown; in other words, the origin of language is a mystery. All we really know is that men, unlike animals, somehow invented certain sounds to express thoughts and feeling, actions and things, so that they could communicate with each other; and that later they agreed upon certain signs, calls, letters, which could be combined to represent those sounds, and which could be written down. Those sounds, whether spoken or written in letters, we call words.

The power of words, then, lies in their associations, the things they bring up before our minds. Words become filled with meaning for us by experience; and the longer we live, the more certain words recall to us the glad and sad events of our past; and the more we read and learn, the more the number of words that mean something to us increases.

Great writers are those who not only have great thoughts but also express these thoughts in words which appeal powerfully to our minds and emotions. This charming and telling use of words is what we call literary style. Above all, the real poet is a master of words. He can convey his meaning in words which sing like music, and which by their position and association can move carefully and use them accurately or they will make our speech silly and vulgar.

#### **216** What is the best title of the passage?

- 1) The Reasons for Invention of Words 2) Words and Their Power
- 3) The Body of Words
- 4) The Song of Words

- 1) they could agree upon certain signs 2) they could write them down
- 3) they could combine them 4) they could communicate with each other

**218** It can be understood from the passage that .......

- 1) the more we read and learn, the more ignorant we are
- 2) the more we read and learn, the more learned we are
- 3) the more we read and learn, the more confused we will be
- 4) the more we read and learn, the more great poet we become
- **219** Which of the following statements about the real poet is TRUE?
  - 1) He can convey his ideas in words which sing like music.
  - 2) They don't need to have great thoughts.
  - 3) His poems can move men to tears.
  - 4) He is no more than a master of words.



## 😡 مکالمه ا

*نانسی*: سلام، از دیدنت خوشحالم، تام. تام؛ منم همین طور، نانسی. از آخرین باری که تو را دیدم، مدتها گذشته است. *نانسی*؛ بله، آخرین باری که همدیگر را دیدیم شب سال جدید بود. حالت چهطور است؟ <sup>0</sup>"؛ خوبم. اگر یک کار جدید داشتم، بهتر می شدم. *نانسی:* تو دنبال یک کار جدید میگردی؟ چرا؟ از من قبلاً درسم تمام شده و هفتهٔ قبل فارغالتحصيل شدم. الان، مىخواهم يک کار در زمينهٔ امور مالى پيدا کنم.  $\sigma v$ *نانسی:* چه مدت است که به دنبال کار جدیدی هستی؟ *تا*°؛ تازه این هفته شروع کردم. *نانسی*؛ آیا با آن شرکتهایی که ماه قبل به پردیس (دانشگاه) ما آمدند، مصاحبه نداشتی؟ ση: من فقط به دلیل برنامهٔ شلوغ کاریم یک مصاحبه با شرکت اپل داشتم. همین الان حدود یک ماه گذشته و خبری از آنها نشده است. *ئائسی*؛ نگران نباش، تام. تو همیشه در دانشگاه خوب بودی. من میدانم که نمرههای خوب تو به تو کمک خواهد کرد که به زودی کار پیدا کنی. به علاوه، بازار کار الان به نسبت خوب است و همهٔ شرکتها به تحلیل گران مالی نیاز دارند. <sup>ت</sup>ام؛ اميدوارم اين چنين باشد. ۲ ۱ بررسی گزینهها: ۲) مدتها گذشته است ۱) مدتی طولانی خواهد بود ۴) مدت زمانی طول خواهد کشید ۳) مدت زمانی طول کشیده است ۲ ۴ ۲ بررسی گزینهها: ۲) تو دنبال یک کار جدید هستی؟ چه چیز؟ ۲) تو از یک کار جدید مراقبت میکنی؟ چرا؟ ۳) تو از یک کار جدید مراقبت میکنی؟ چه چیز؟ ۴) تو دنبال یک کار جدید میگردی؟ چرا؟ 🍟 🍸 بررسی گزینهها: ۲) می خواهید کجا کار کنید؟ ۱) برای کار به چه چیز نیاز داری؟ ۴) هر چند وقت یک بار به دنبال شغل جدید بودهای؟ ۳) چه مدت است که به دنبال کار جدیدی هستی؟ ۴ ۳ بررسی گزینهها: ۲) چون اوقات فراغت زیادی داشتم در طی [اینکه] اوقات فراغت زیادی داشتم ۴) در طول [اینکه] برنامهٔ کاری شلوغم را داشتم. ۳) به دلیل برنامهٔ شلوغ کاریام توجه: بعد از کلمهٔ "during" گروه اسمی قرار میگیرد. 🛽 📘 بررسی گزینهها: به علاوه، بازار كار الان به نسبت خوب است. ۲) بنابراین، بازار کار الان به نسبت خوب است. ۴) بنابراین، امروزه یافتن یک شغل خوب آسان نیست. ۳) به علاوه، امروزه یافتن یک شغل خوب آسان نیست.

🕥 مکالمہ ۲

م*ایک*: صبح بخیر، جان. من مایک هستم.

*¢ا*ن: صبح بخير.

*مایک*: اول از همه، اجازه بدهید خودم را به طور مناسبی معرفی کنم. من مدیر بخش مالی هستم. همانطور که میدانید، در بخش من، یک موقعیت شغلی خالی وجود دارد و من باید این موقعیت شغلی را در اسرع وقت پر کنم.

40؛ لطفاً كمي دربارة اين موقعيت شغلي به من بگوييد.

*مایک*: یک موقعیت شغلی برای تازمواردها است. کارمند جدید باید به طور (خیلی) نزدیک (و تنگاتنگ) با واحد حسابداری کار کند. او همچنین باید به صورت روزانه با بانک سروکار داشته باشد.

۵/۵؛ به دنبال چه نوع تجربهای هستید؟

*مایک*: انجام کار اداری خوب است. با وجود این، چون یک موقعیت شغلی برای تازمواردها است، من به تجربهٔ زیاد نیاز ندارم. من تمایل دارم شخص جدید را آموزش دهم.

*4*0: عالی است!

م*ایک*: جان، کمی دربارهٔ خودت به من بگو.

40؛ من دانشجوی دانشگاه "West Coast" بودم و به تازگی با مدرک کارشناسی در رشتهٔ مالی فارغالتحصیل شدم. من در دو سال اخیر، به صورت پارهوقت (و) به عنوان کارمند حقوق بگیر کار کردهام.

م*ایک*: در یک کار دنبال چه چیزی میگردی؟

·184:1:5 ..... F 5

*بان:* این شغل باید به من کمک کند متوجه شوم علوم مالی کلاً در چه مورد است. در دانشگاه در مورد تئوریهای مالی خیلی چیزها را یاد گرفتهام و الان وقتش است که آنها را به صورت عملی به کار بگیرم.

	۱) لطفاً موقعیت را توصیف کنید	۲) خودت را معرفی کن
	۳) من میخواهم دربارهٔ مشکلات صحبت کنم	۴) اجازه دهید خودم را به طور مناسبی معرفی کنم
1 7	بررسی گزینهها:	
	۱) لطفاً کمی دربارهٔ این موقعیت شغلی به من بگویید.	۲) چەقدر پرداخت مىكنى؟
	۳) چه زمانی من باید آنجا باشم؟	۴) چگونه میتوانم به آنجا برسم؟
٣	بررسی گزینهها:	
	۱) من به یک فرد با تجربه نیاز دارم	۲) من فقط برای پول کار میکنم
	۳) من به تجربهٔ زیاد نیاز ندارم	۴) آنها بسیار با تجربه هستند
۲ ۹	بررسی گزینهها:	
	۱) مردم نیاز به شغل دارند	۲) من دانشجوی دانشگاه "West Coast" بودم.
	۳) من هرگز اصلاً به دانشگاه نرفتم	۴) من فکر میکنم رفتن به دانشگاه مهم نیست
۴ ۱۰	بررسی گزینهها:	
	۱) نیازی نیست که من این کار را انجام دهم	۲) پس تحصیلکرده بودن خوب است
	۳) من میخواهم استراحت کنم.	۴) الان وقتش است که آنها را به صورت عملی به کار بگیرم.

## 💬 مکالمہ

م*مامه کنتر*ه: از زمان فارغالتحصیلی از دانشگاه، چه تعداد شغل داشتهاید؟ ر*اوطلب*: برای شش شرکت کار کردهام. م*مامه کنتر*ه: چرا اینقدر کار خود را تغییر دادهاید؟ *راوطلب*: میخواستم پول بیشتری کسب کنم (درآمد بیشتری داشته باشم). م*مامه کنتر*ه: چه کارهایی انجام دادهاید که (توانایی) رهبری (گروه را) نشان میدهد؟ ر*اوطلب*: خُب، من یک تیم فروش را مدیریت میکنم. همچنین مدیر یک شرکت تجاری محلی هستم. م*مامه کنتر*ه: نقاط قوت شما چیست؟ *راوطلب*: من ایتالیایی و اسپانیایی را به طور روان صحبت میکنم. در آموزش نیروهای فروش ماهر هستم و با مردم ارتباط خوبی دارم. من فکر میکنم در سازماندهی سمینارها برای مشتریان [نیز] بسیار توانا هستم.